This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

LISTING OF CLAIMS:

- 1. (Currently Amended) Optical compensator for liquid crystal displays comprising, stacked films or layers of:
 - at least only one O plate retarder,
 - at least only one low tilt A plate retarder having an average tilt angle, θ_{ave} , of from 1 to 10°, and
 - at least one only two negative C plate retarder retarders.
- 2. (Canceled)
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the average tilt angle, θ_{ave} , in said O plate retarder is from 2 to 88°.
- 5. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the average tilt angle, θ_{ave} , in said low tilt A plate retarder is from 2 to 6°.
- 6. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the tilt angle in said O plate retarder varies monotonously in a direction perpendicular to the

plane of the film from a minimum value θ_{min} at one surface of the film to a maximum value θ_{max} at the opposite surface of the film.

- 7. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the thickness of said O plate and/or low tilt A plate is from 0.1 to 10 μ m.
- **8.** (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the optical retardation of said O plate is from 6 to 300 nm.
- 9. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the optical retardation of said low tile A plate is from 12 to 575 nm.
- 10. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the O plate comprises a linear or crosslinked polymerized liquid crystalline material with a tilted or splayed structure.
- 11. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the low tilt A plate comprises a linear or crosslinked polymerized liquid crystalline material with a slightly titled structure.
- 12. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein at least one of the C plates is a negatively birefringent polymer film.

- 13. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according claim 12, wherein said polymer film is a negatively birefringent TAC or DAC film.
- 14. (Currently Amended) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the at least one C plate comprises a linear or crosslinked polymerized chiral liquid crystalline material with a helically twisted structure.
- 15. (Currently Amended) Optical compensator according to claim 14 16, wherein the helical pitch of the chiral liquid crystalline material in said C plate is less than 250 nm.
- 16. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display device comprising the following elements
 - a liquid crystal cell formed by two transparent substrates having surfaces which oppose each other, an electrode layer provided on the inside of at least one of said two transparent substrates and optionally superposed with an alignment layer, and a liquid crystal medium which is present between the two transparent substrates,
 - a polarizer arranged outside said transparent substrates, or a pair of polarizers sandwiching said substrates, and
 - at least one optical compensator according to claim 1 being situated between the liquid crystal cell and at least one of said polarizers,

it being possible for the above elements to be separated, stacked, mounted on top of each other, coated on top of each other or connected by means of adhesive layers.

- 17. (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display device according to claim 16, which is a TN, HTN or STN display.
- 18. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the average tilt angle, θ_{ave} , in said O plate retarder is from 30 to 60°.
- 19. (Previously presented) Optical compensator according to claim 1, wherein the thickness of said O plate and/or low tilt A plate is from 0.2 to 5 μ m.
- **20.** (Previously presented) A liquid crystal display device according to claim 16, wherein, in the optical compensator, the optical axis of the O plate and the low tilt A plate are oriented at right angles to each other.